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// Ersatzmodell: Knickbiegeschwingungen -> Singulaerer Masse-
Federschwinger
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class AxialeVorlast extends JFrame
    implements ActionListener {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 0220;
    JTextField eingabeStartWert, ausgabeEigenWert,
ausgabeMasse, ausgabeFeder,
eingabeP1;
    double h0, ew = 0., ratio, meff = 0., keff;
    int bc, stuetzwerte = 512;
    Color fbgColor, bgColor;
    private Curve diagram;
    JButton eigenWert;

    // Konstruktor
    public AxialeVorlast() {
        Container fenster = getContentPane();
        fbgColor = new Color(178,214,252);
        fenster.setBackground(fbgColor);
        BorderLayout h1 = new BorderLayout();
        fenster.setLayout(h1);
        JLabel p1Wert = new JLabel("NL\u00B2/2EI\u003E-19.7 :",
",
                           JLabel.RIGHT);
        eingabeP1 = new JTextField(12);

        eingabeP1.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());
        JLabel startWert = new JLabel("Sch\u00E4tzwert [1/L] :",
", JLabel.RIGHT);
        eingabeStartWert = new JTextField(12);

        eingabeStartWert.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());
        bgColor = new Color(140,181,222);
        eigenWert = new JButton("Eigenwert");
        eigenWert.setBackground(bgColor);
        ausgabeEigenWert = new JTextField(12);
        ausgabeEigenWert.setBackground(fbgColor);

        ausgabeEigenWert.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());
        JLabel effektiveMasse = new JLabel("effektive Masse :",
", JLabel.RIGHT);
        ausgabeMasse = new JTextField(12);
        ausgabeMasse.setBackground(fbgColor);

        ausgabeMasse.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());

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JLabel effektiveFeder = new JLabel("effektive Feder :");
", JLabel.RIGHT);
ausgabeFeder = new JTextField(12);
ausgabeFeder.setBackground(fbgColor);

ausgabeFeder.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());
JPanel h2d = new JPanel();

h2d.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLineBorder(Color.darkGray));
h2d.setBackground(bgColor);
h2d.setLayout(new GridLayout(5,2,5,5));
h2d.add(p1Wert);
h2d.add(eingabeP1);
h2d.add(startWert);
h2d.add(eingabeStartWert);
h2d.add(eigenWert);
eigenWert.addActionListener(this);
h2d.add(ausgabeEigenWert);
h2d.add(effektiveMasse);
h2d.add(ausgabeMasse);
h2d.add(effektiveFeder);
h2d.add(ausgabeFeder);
JLabel titel = new JLabel
("Axiale Vorlast N",
JLabel.CENTER);
fenster.add(titel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
fenster.add(h2d, BorderLayout.SOUTH );
// Grafikkomponente
diagram = new Curve();

diagram.setBorder(BorderFactory.createLoweredBevelBorder());
fenster.add(diagram, BorderLayout.CENTER);
// Erscheinungsbild: Nimbus
try {
UIManager.setLookAndFeel("javax.swing.plaf.nimbus.NimbusLookAndFeel");
}
catch (InstantiationException e) {
}
catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
}
catch (UnsupportedLookAndFeelException e) {
}
catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
}
SwingUtilities.updateComponentTreeUI(fenster);
fenster.setVisible(true);

}

// Initialisierung
public static void main(String[] args) {

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int xPos,yPos;
JFrame frame = new AxialeVorlast();
ExitWindow abbrechen = new ExitWindow();
frame.addWindowListener(abbrechen);
// Abfrage Bildschirmabmessungen
Dimension dim =
Toolkit.getDefaultToolkit().getScreenSize();
// Abmessungen des Applikationsfensters
frame.setSize(640,320);
// Positionierung des Applikationsfensters auf dem
Bildschirm
xPos = (dim.width-640)/2;
yPos = (dim.height-320)/2;
frame.setLocation(xPos,yPos);
// Anzeige des Rahmenfensters auf dem Desktop
frame.setVisible(true);
}

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
    double x, g1, g2, g3, g4, g5, h1, h2, l1, l2;
    float rew, rmeff, rkeff;
    // Eigenwert
    if (event.getSource() == eigenWert) {
        x =
Double.parseDouble(eingabeStartWert.getText());
        h0 = Double.parseDouble(eingabeP1.getText());
        if(h0==0.)
        h0=0.0000001;
        h1 = h0/Math.pow(x,2.);
        h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
        l1 = x*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
        l2 = x*Math.sqrt(h1-h2);
        // Nullstellensuche: Newtonsches
Naheungsverfahren
        double inkrement = cf(x)/cfs(x);
        while (Math.abs(inkrement/x) > 1.e-7) {
            x = x - inkrement;
            inkrement = cf(x)/cfs(x);
        }
        ew = x - inkrement;
        rew = Math.round(ew*10000f);
        rew = rew/10000f;
        ausgabeEigenWert.setText((float) rew + " / " +
"L");
        h1 = h0/Math.pow(ew,2.);
        h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
        l1 = ew*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
        l2 = ew*Math.sqrt(h2-h1);
        g1 = Math.exp(l1);
        g2 = Math.sin(l2);
        g3 = Math.cos(l2);
        g4 = 0.5*(g1-1./g1);
    }
}

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g5 = 0.5*(g1+1./g1);
ratio = (g5-g3)/(l2/l1*g4-g2);
repaint();
meff = integration(stuetzwerte);
keff = Math.pow(ew,4.)*meff;
rmeff = Math.round(meff*10000f);
meff = rmeff/10000f;
ausgabeMasse.setText((float) meff + "
\u03c1"+ "AL");
rkeff = Math.round(keff*1000f);
keff = rkeff/1000f;
ausgabeFeder.setText((float) keff + " EI/L" +
"\u00b3");
}

}

double cf(double x) {
// Charakteristische Eigenwertgleichung
double e1, e2, e3, sh, ch, f1, f2, f3, h1, h2,
l1, l2;
h1 = h0/Math.pow(x,2.);
h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
l1 = x*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
l2 = x*Math.sqrt(h2-h1);
e1 = Math.exp(l1);
e2 = Math.sin(l2);
e3 = Math.cos(l2);
// Hyperbelfunktionen
sh = 0.5*(e1-1./e1);
ch = 0.5*(e1+1./e1);
f1 = e2*sh;
f2 = e3*ch;
f3 = 0.5*(l2/l1-l1/l2);
return f2+f3*f1-1.;
}

double cfs(double x) {
// Ableitung der Eigenwertgleichung
double e1, e2, e3, sh, ch, f1, f2, f3, f4, h1,
h2, l1, l2, l1s, l2s;
h1 = h0/Math.pow(x,2.);
h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
l1 = x*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
l2 = x*Math.sqrt(h2-h1);
e1 = Math.exp(l1);
e2 = Math.sin(l2);
e3 = Math.cos(l2);
// Hyperbelfunktionen
sh = 0.5*(e1-1./e1);
ch = 0.5*(e1+1./e1);
l1s = l1/x-0.5*(h1/h0)/l1*(2.*Math.pow(h1,2.)/
(h2*x)+3.*h1/x);

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l2s = l2/x-0.5*(h1/h0)/l2*(2.*Math.pow(h1,2.)/
(h2*x)-3.*h1/x);
f1 = l1s*sh*e3-l2s*ch*e2;
f2 = 0.5*((l2s*l1-l1s*l2)/Math.pow(l1,2.)-
(l1s*l2-l2s*l1)/Math.pow(l2,2.));
f3 = f2*sh*e2;
f4 = 0.5*(l1s*ch*e2+l2s*sh*e3)*(l2/l1-l1/l2);
return (f1+f3+f4);
}

double integration(int stuetzwerte) {
// Kinetische Energie des Biegeschwingers:
Simpsonsche Regel
    double kinE, qesfmax = 0., fw;
    kinE = qesf(0,ew) + qesf(stuetzwerte,ew);
    for (int ix = 1 ; ix < stuetzwerte ; ix++) {
        fw = qesf(ix,ew);
        if(fw > qesfmax) {
            qesfmax = fw;
        }
        if(ix%2 == 0) {
            kinE = kinE + 2.*fw;
        }
        else {
            kinE = kinE + 4.*fw;
        }
    }
    // effektive Masse
    return kinE/3./quesfmax/stuetzwerte;
}

double qesf(int i, double e) {
// Eigenschwingform
    double g1, g2, g3, g4, g5, h1, h2, l1, l2;
    double z = (double) i;
// Normierung Abszisse
    z = z/stuetzwerte;
    h1 = h0/Math.pow(e,2.);
    h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
    l1 = e*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
    l2 = e*Math.sqrt(h2-h1);
    g1 = Math.exp(l1*z);
    g2 = Math.sin(l2*z);
    g3 = Math.cos(l2*z);
// Hyperbelfunktionen
    g4 = 0.5*(g1-1./g1);
    g5 = 0.5*(g1+1./g1);
    return Math.pow((g5-g3+ratio*(g2-l2/
l1*g4)),2.);
}

class Curve extends JComponent {

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private static final long serialVersionUID = 0220;
double esfmax, esfmin, dif, tr;
Color cColor;
    public void paintComponent(Graphics gc) {
        Graphics2D gc2D = (Graphics2D) gc;
        super.paintComponent(gc2D);
        // Abmessungen Grafikobjekt
        int hc = getSize().height -30;
        bc = getSize().width - 20;
        // maximale, minimale Kurvenwerte
        esfmax = esf(0, ew);
        esfmin = esfmax;
        float strichDicke = 2.0f;
        BasicStroke stroke = new BasicStroke(strichDicke);
        gc2D.setStroke(stroke);
        cColor = new Color(255,130,38);
        for (int x = 0 ; x < bc ; x++) {
            double fr = esf(x + 1, ew);
            if (esfmax < fr) {
                esfmax = fr;
            }
            if (esfmin > fr) {
                esfmin = fr;
            }
        }
        // Achsenhoehe Ordinate
        dif = esfmax - esfmin;
        // Verschiebung Null-Linie
        tr = hc * Math.abs(esfmin) / dif;
        gc2D.setColor(Color.darkGray);
        // Einspannung
        gc2D.drawLine(10, (int) tr, 10, (int) tr + 20);
        // Null-Linie
        gc2D.drawLine(10, (int) tr + 10, bc + 10, (int) tr
+10);
        gc2D.setColor(cColor);
        if(ew <= 0.) {
            tr = hc / 2;
            if(ew < 0.) {
ausgabeEigenWert.setBackground(Color.red);
            }
        } else {
            // Zeichnen der normierten Kurve
            ausgabeEigenWert.setBackground(fbgColor);
            for (int ix = 0 ; ix < bc ; ix++) {
                gc2D.drawLine(ix + 10, (int) (hc * esf(ix, ew) /
dif + tr)
+ 10, ix + 11, (int) (hc * esf(ix + 1, ew) /
dif + tr)
+ 10);
            }
        }
    }
}

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        }
        gc2D.setColor(Color.darkGray);
        gc2D.drawString("\u00a9" + "pwill", 15, hc + 25);
    }

    double esf(int i, double e) {
        // Eigenschwingform
        double g1, g2, g3, g4, g5, h1, h2, l1, l2;
        double z = (double) i;
        // Normierung Abszisse
        z = z/bc;
        h1 = h0/Math.pow(e,2.);
        h2 = Math.sqrt(h1*h1+1.);
        l1 = e*Math.sqrt(h2+h1);
        l2 = e*Math.sqrt(h2-h1);
        g1 = Math.exp(l1*z);
        g2 = Math.sin(l2*z);
        g3 = Math.cos(l2*z);
        // Hyperbelfunktionen
        g4 = 0.5*(g1-1./g1);
        g5 = 0.5*(g1+1./g1);
        return (g5-g3+ratio*(g2-l2/l1*g4));
    }

}

class ExitWindow extends WindowAdapter {
    public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
        System.exit(0);
    }
    // Aufruf leerer WindowListener–Methoden
    public void windowIconified(WindowEvent we) {
    }
    public void windowOpened(WindowEvent we) {
    }
    public void windowClosed(WindowEvent we) {
    }
    public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent we) {
    }
    public void windowActivated(WindowEvent we) {
    }
}

```